

The ELM CITY HURSERY CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Timely Advice.....

EXPERIENCE has taught us that most sorts of Hardy Trees and other Hardy Plants can be transplanted during late Summer and Autumn to better advantage than in the Spring. Why it is so may be a source of conjecture. It is the fact that is of practical interest to the planter, and years of experience in transplanting, at all seasons and under varying conditions, has demonstrated this fact to us.

Cerms and Shipping Directions • Cash in advance or satisfactory reference from unknown parties. Six of a kind at dozen rates. Fifty of a kind at hundred rates. Special quotations on large quantities. Write address plainly, and if out of town, state by what route we are to ship. Orders by express or freight packed and delivered at the depots, and our teams deliver all orders in eity and vicinity free.

Order Early • Do not wait until you are ready to plant before ordering, but place your order at once if possible. We will hold such orders subject to further directions if requested. The actual shipping season is so short that much is gained both to the planter and the nurseryman when orders are booked in advance of the actual shipping season.

Fow to Reach Us • Our nursery and office are located at EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, just beyond Edgewood Park. The Edgewood Avenue cars pass the nursery. Telephone.

Landscape Department & Under the direction of Mr. Ernest Francis Coe, Landscape Architect. Write for terms.

Practical Superintendence and General Planting • We have in our employ workmen competent to earry out and superintend landscape and general garden work either from plans or otherwise, also those who know how to plant trees, etc., in a proper manner. Parties wishing us to furnish such service will do well to arrange with us as early in the season as practicable.

Grading and Curfing • We have every facility for doing this work, and know how to establish fine velvety lawns.

... Specimens for Immediate Effect...

22222

AT the Nursery we give special attention to growing into large sizes many kinds of fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs, vines, etc., for by their use much quicker results can be obtained than by the use of smaller stock.

We now have a limited number of fruiting sizes in Apple, Pear, Cherry, Plum and Quince trees, also many fine specimen shade trees, shrubs and roses. Particular attention is called to our large collection of specimen evergreens, ready for immediate lawn effects or for potting up for use as house decorations, both in and out. The number of these specimen plants is always more limited than of the smaller grades. A visit to the nursery is desirable where the selection of individual specimens is desired.

holland Bulbs.

Early Spring Tlme.

O one can wisely overlook the merit of the early Spring flowering bulbous plants such as the Hyachtus Traine National Control as the Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, Crocuses, Snowdrops, etc., etc. By their use we can lend beauty and eheer to our gardens for the weeks before most sorts of vegetation awake from their winter sleep. Hardly has King Frost released his grip on the ground, when the Snowdrop and Crocus appear in all their dainty beauty, soon followed by the Tulip, Hyacinth and Nareissus, and the garden where these bulbs are freely used has no dull time in early spring, but can be rich in its own beautiful coloring.

Planting Time. The bulbs should be planted in October and November so as to get well rooted before cold weather. Plant from one to four inches below the surface according to size of bulb.

For Forcing Indoors. Bulbs should be planted in pots, pans or boxes, and plunged in or covered with several inches of soil in open ground until earth begins to freeze, then place in cool greenhouse, cellar or room where the temperature is low. They should be watered enough to keep the earth from getting dry Bulbs so treated can be brought into the light at any time after Christmas and before Easter and they will quickly come into bloom.

hyacinths.

Single Red, all shades, White, Dark Blue and Blush.

Double Red and Rose, White, Blue. Prices, 7c each, 75c dozen, \$5,25 hundred.

Single Fracinths-hamed Varielies.

Baron van Thuyll, delicate pink. Marie, deep blue. Herman, orange yellow. Gertrude, deep rose. Robert Steiger, deep crimson. Glganthea, blush pink. Alba Superbissima, pure white. La Franchise, creamy white. Chas. Dickens, light blue. King of Blues, rich dark blue.

Prices, 10c each, \$1.00 dozen, \$7.00 hundred.

Double Hyacinibs—named Varieties.

La tour d'Anvergne, pure white. Bloksberg, porcelain blue. Prince of Orange, pink.

Prices, 10e each, \$1 00 dozen, \$7.00 hundred.

White Roman Hyacinths, for forcing. Prices, 5c each, 50c dozen, \$3.00 hundred.

Culips.

Single Early Sorts.

Artus, deep searlet Belle Alliance, bright scarlet. Chrysolora, large yellow, Conleur Poncean, cherry red, white border. Rosa Mundi, rose and white. L'Immaculee, pure white Van der Neer, violet purple. Van Gooyen, fine rose, Yellow Prince, pure yellow.

Double Early Sorts.

Gloria Solis, crimson. Rex Ruborum, scarlet. La Candeur, pure white. Yellow Rose, clear vellow.

Prices, 3c each, 25c dozen, \$1.75 hundred.

Single or double, mixed. Prices, 45e dozen. \$1.00 hundred, \$7.00 thousand.

Late Tulips.

Byblooms, fine mixture. Bizards, fine mixture. Parrot, fine mixture. Botanical, fine mixture.

Prices, 3c each, 25c dozen, \$1,50 hundred.

Crocus.

Baron von Brunow, blue, Madame Mina, blue striped. Mont Blane, white. Yarge Yellow.

Prices, 12e dozen, 75c hundred, \$5,00 thousand. All colors mixed. Prices, 8c dozen, 50c hundred, \$4.00 thousand.

Narcissus and Daffodils.

Single -Trumpet Shaped.

Incomparabilis Stella, white orange cup. 3c each, 25c dozen, \$1.50 hundred.

Poetiens, white red crown. 2c each, 15e dozen, \$1 00 lundred.

Princeps, sulphur white. 4c each, 40c dozen, \$2.00 hundred.

Double Flowering.

Alba Plena Odorata. 3c each, 25c dozen, \$1.50 hundred.

Incomparabilis, orange and yellow. 3c each,

25c dozen, \$1.50 hundred. Von Seion, golden yellow. 4c eneb, 35c dozen, \$2.50 hundred.

Jonquils.

Single, sweet scented, yenow. 30 cach, 400 dozen, \$1.50 hundred Double, sweet scented, yellow. 4c cach, 40c

dozen. \$3 00 hundred.

Snowdrops (Galanthus).

Nivalis, single, 2c each, 20c dozen, \$1.50 hundred, 2c double, 3c 25c 25c \$2.00 2

Huemones.

Single mixed, 3c euch, 20c dozen, \$1.50 hundred. Double '' 3c '' 25c '' \$2.00 '' Double

Scilla.

Siberica, blue, 3e each, 25e dozen, \$1.50 hundred.

Kanunculus.

Persian, in fine mixture. 3c each, 25c dozen, \$1.50 hundred.

Freesia, refracta alba, white. 3c each, 25c doz.

Fruit Department.

Fruit Department.						
APPLES.	EACH	DOZ.	PAR 100	GKAI EST		PER PER DOZ. 100
4 to 5 feet. 5 to 6 " 6 to 9 " transplanted, 50e to Varieties: Summer — E a r l y Strawberry, Early Harvest. Red Astrachan, Sweet-Bough, Tetofsky, Yellow-Transparent, AutumnFall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's-Blush, Porter, Pound Sweet, Red-Beitigheimer,	N ← UU!	\$2 00	1000-	2 years 3 VARIETIES: Black — Concord. Eaton, Clinton, Moore's-Early, Worden. White—Diamond, Green-Mountain, Niagara, Pocklington, Red—Agawan, Brighton, Catawba, Delaware, Jefferson, Wilder,		\$2.50 \$20 0 3.50
Twenty-Ounce. Winter-Baldwin, Ben Davis, King, Lady-Apple, McIntosh-Red., Newtown Pippin, Northern-Spy, Peck's Pleasant, R. I. Greening Bismarck	50	5 00		Campbell's early, 2 years	75.	5 00° 20 00 7 50°
CRABAPPLES. Prices same as Apples. VARIETIES: Hyslop, Transeendent, etc.		,		Chestant, American, 1 to 2 feet Spanish, 1 to 2 feet for 6 to 7 Numbo, 2-year grafts Japan, 50c to Hickory Shell Bark, 1 to 2 feet	25) 1 00) 1 50) 1 00	2 50
PEARS. Standard, 4 to 5 feet	50 3 00	3 50 5 00	40 00	Pecans, 6 to 8 feet Walnuts, English, 1 to 2 feet 3 to 4 " " Japan, Seiboldi, 3 to 4 ft " " 5 to 7 " " " 7 to 8 " " " 8 to 10 "	1 00	10 00 8 50 25 00 7 50 7 50
Varieties: Summer—Dovenne- D'Ete, Wilder, Koonee, Glfford, Clapp's-Favorite, Bartlett. Aulumn—Anjon, Bartlett-Seck- el, Belle-Lucrative, Bose, Buffum, Clairgean, Duchess-D'Angon-				" " 8 to 10" CURRANTS. Fay's, Cherry, North Star, White Grape, Black Champion, 2 years		1 00 6 00
leme, Howell, Keiffer, Idaho, Seckel, Sheldon, Vermont Beauty, Winter—Dana's-Hovey, Lawrence, Vicar, Winter-Nellis, Worden-Seckel, 5 to 7 feet	2.00	10 00		3 and 4 years, fruiting size	25 15	2 50
" 4 to 6 ft. transplanted Most of the above-named varieties. CHERRIES.	25 50	2 50 5 00		Ancient Briton, Snyder, Kittatinny, Lawton Lucretia dewberry Iceberg	10 10 15	50 3 00 50 3 00 1 50
4 to 5 feet 5 to 6 " 6 to 8 " transplanted. 75e to VARIETIES: Black Tartarian, Early-Richmond, Empress-Euge nie, GovWood, May Dnke, Windsor, Rocky Mountain. Meeker, 4 to 5 feet (new). 5 to 6 "	2 00	5 00	30 00	Red—Cuthbert, Columbian, London, Miller red. Yellow - Golden Queen. Fruit-bearing eanes. Cumberland.	10 20 15	50 2 00 1 50 5 00 1 50 10 00
PEACHES AND APRICOTS. Plant in the Spring. See Spring Catalogue.		many de de la calculation de l		Downing (white), Houghton (red), Red Jacket (red), Industry (red) 2 years 3 " fruiting size	10 25	1 00 5 00
QUINCES. 3 to 4 feet 4 to 6 feet to 8 " transplanted. 75e to VARIETIES: Orange or Apple. Rea's - Mammoth, Champion, Meech's Prolific.	25 50 2 00		\$20 00	STRAWBERRIES. Bubach, Lovett Early, Marshall, Mary, Gandy, Parker Earle, Alpine, Brandywine, Henry, Sample	05 07	80 1 50 50 3 50
PLUMS. 4 to 5 feet, 1 year. 5 to 6 2 years. 6 to 8 bearing sizes, \$1 00 to Varieties; Janan—Abundance.	25 50 3 00	2 50 5 00		GARDEN ROOTS. Asparagus. 2 years, per 1000, \$6.00 Barr's Mammoth, Conover's Colossal, Palmetto. Rhubarb (pie plant), 2 years	25	25 1 00 2 50 ³
Burbank, Hale, Wicksen, Willard, Red-June English—Lombard, Bradshaw, Coe's Golden Drop, Grand-Duke, Washington.				Fennel Roots, 2 years. Horse-radish, Hop-vines Sage-Holt's Manimoth Wormwood	15 05 15 20 25	1 50 35 1 50 2 00 2 00

Ornamental and Shade Crees.

ANY who find beauty in nature, feel a reverence for her stately trees. They are the higher forms of vegetation, many of them developing into majestie proportions, their great trunks and arching branches supporting a wealth of delicate foliage, every line a line of grace and beauty. What a refining pleasure to be so situated that one can be surrounded by these noble expressions of nature, and what a study for one in observing from day to day and year to year, the little sapling, seemingly no different from many other surrounding forms, slowly and surely gaining in size and development, until finally it reaches the grand proportions that make it the monarch of surrounding vegetation.

We are growing into suitable sizes for transplanting, many varieties of the following kinds of trees.

Prices from 25 cts. to \$5.00 according to size and variety. Send list for special prices, or visit the nursery personally and make selections as the trees stand in the nursery rows.

Deciduous Trees.

Red, 6 to 15 fect.

Allanthus—4 to 6 feet.
Alnus—Ineana Laciniata.
Andromeda—Arborea, 2 to 4 feet.
Also see Shrubs.
Aralia, see Shrubs.
Ash—White, 1 to 20 feet.
"Flowering, 4 to 6 feet.
Basswood, see Linden.
Birch—Alba (white), 3 to 10 feet.
"Alba, Purple-leaved, 3 to 6 ft.
"Cut leaved, 3 to 10 ft.
"Canoe, 5 to 9 feet.
"Black, 3 to 8 feet.
Beech—American, 5 to 6 feet. Black, 3 to 8 feet.

Beech—American, 5 to 6 feet.

European, 2 to 6 feet.

Purple-leaved, 3 to 8 ft.

Weeping, 2 to 4 feet.

Fern-leaved, 3 to 6 feet.

Curl-leaved, 3 to 6 feet.

Buttonball, see Plane.

Carpinus, see Hornbeam

Carya, see Nut Trees page 4.)

Catalpa—Speciosa, 6 to 15 teet.

Aurea 5 to 10 ft. Castanea. see Nut Trees (page 4).
Catalpa—Speciosa, 6 to 15 tect.

"Aurea 5 to 10 ft.

"Bungil. grafted at ground, to 2 feet.

"Bingil. grafted, 5 to 7ft high Cedrela—Sinensis.
Celtis—Occidentalis, 3 to 6 feet.
Cerasus, see Cherry.
Cercidiphillum—6 to 8 feet.
Cercis, s e Judas Tree
Cherry—Japan. weeping, 5 to 8 ft.

"Chinese, double, 4 to 5 ft.
Chionanthus, see 11 hite Fringe.
Citrus—Trifoliata, 2 to 3 feet.
Cladrists Tinctoria, see Yel. Wood
Cornus, see Dogwood.
Crataegus, see Thorn.
Cytisus—Laburnum, 3 to 8 feet.
Cypress—Deciduous, 3 to 10 feet.
Crabapple—Bechtel's (new), 2 to
5 feet.

"Parkmanii 2 to 6 feet. 5 feet.

"Parkmanii, 2 to 6 feet.
"Florabunda, 5 to 10 feet.
"Atrosanguinea, 5 to 10 feet.
"Atrosanguinea, 5 to 10 feet.
"Red, 3 to 6 feet.
"Pink (new)

Elm—American, 6 to 25 feet.
"English, 10 to 12 feet.
"Camperdown Weeping. 5 feet. 6.4 6.6

Fagus, see Beech.
Fraxinus, see Ash.
Ginkgo—Biloin, 3 to 12 feet.
Gleditschia, see Locust
Golden Chain, see Cytisus.
Halesia, see snowdrop Tree.
Hop Tree—3 to 4 feet.
Golden, 3 to 4 feet.
Golden, 3 to 4 feet.
Hornbeam—American, 2 to 6 ft.
Horsechestnut—White-flowering
3 to 10 feet.
Double White-flowering,
1 to 7 feet.
Hed-flowering, 1
to 7 feet.
Dwarf (pavia), 1 to 4 ft.
Juglans, see Nut Trees (page 4).
Kentucky Colfee Tree—1 to 8 feet.
Laburnum, see Cytisus.
Lach—Unity Am. 2 to 3 feet. Maple—Red, Fulgens, 6 to 8 feet.

Sngar, 4 to 20 feet.

Spicatum, 4 to 5 feet.

Tarturian, 3 to 6 feet.

Ginnala, 4 to 6 ft.

Japan, 2 to 4 feet.

Purple-lea'd, 1 to 3 ft.

Red cut-lenved, 1 to 3 feet.

Golden, 1 to 2 feet.

Magnolia—Acuminatu, 3 to 6 ft.

Conspicua, 2 to 4 feet.

Clanca, 1 to 2 feet.

Maerophylla, 1 to 8 ft.

Soulungenna, 2 to 4 ft.

Speciosa, 2 to 3 feet.

Stellata, 1 to 8 feet.

Morus, see Mulberry.

Mountain Ash—Europin, 6 to 8 ft. Maple-Red, Fulgens, 6 to 8 feet. Fagus, see Beech. "Tripetalia, 1 to 8 feet.

Morus, see Mulberry.

Mountain Ash—Enrop'n, 6 to 8 ft.

"American, 6 to 12 ft.

Mulberry—Downing, 5 to 10 feet.

"Weeping, 2 yr grafts.

Nyssa—(Sour Gnm), 1 to 4 feet.

Oak—White, 2 to 6 feet.

"Searlet, 4 to 8 feet.

"Mossy Cnp, 4 to 5 feet.

"English, 2 to 7 feet.

"Pin Oak, 3 to 7 feet.

"Pyramidal, 6 to 10 ft.

Orange—Osage, 1 to 6 feet.

Paulownia—4 to 6 feet.

Paulownia—4 to 6 feet.

Pavia, see Horsechestant.

Peach—Double Crimson, 4 to 6 ft.

"White, 4 to 6 ft.

Phellodendron—10 to 12 feet.

"Triloba, 2 to 3 feet.

"Triloba, 2 to 3 feet.

"Triloba, 2 to 3 feet.

"Cut-leaved, 6 to 10 ft.

Poplar—Bolleana, 3 to 12 feet.

"Cut-leaved, 6 to 10 ft.

Poplar—Bolleana, 3 to 12 feet.

"Carolina, 4 to 25 feet.

"Carolina, 5 to 14 feet.

"Carolina, 4 to 25 feet.

"Carolina, 5 to 12 feet.

"Carolina, 6 to 10 ft.

Prunes, see Hoptree.

Pyrus see Mt. Ash and Crabapple.

Quercus, see Oak.

Robina—(Rose Acacla), 2 to 3 ft.

Salisburia, see Ginkgo. Laburnum, see Cytisus.
Larch—(Larix), Am., 2 to 3 feet.
Enropean, 2 to 10 feet.
Japan, 1 to 2 feet.
Liquidambar—1 to 4 feet. Liquidambar—1 to 4 feet.
Linden—American, 2 to 12 feet.
"European, 2 to 12 feet.
"Argentea. 1 to 6 feet.
Weeping, 1 to 6 feet.
Liriodendron. see Tulip Tree.
Locust—Honey, 1 to 5 feet.
"Japan, 3 to 6 feet.
Machine see Printe Maclura, see Orange.

Maple—English, 3 to 7 feet.

Colchlenm, 4 to 5 feet.

Montpelier, 4 to 5 feet.

Montpelier, 4 to 5 feet.

Striped bark, 2 to 12 feet.

Norway, 2 to 14 feet.

Reitenbach's, 4 ft.

Schwedler's, 4 to 10 feet. feet.
Silver, 2 to 15 feet.

"cut-leaved, 4 to 12 ft.
"Fern-leaved, 6 to 12 ft. "Turnerii (new)1 to 8 ft.
"Yurnerii (new)1 to 8 ft.
Sycamore, 5 to 10 feet.
"Purple-leaved, 6 to
8 feet.
"Worle's Golden, 2 to 6 feet.

Salisburia, see Ginkgo.

Deciduous Trees-Continued.

Saliv. see Willow.
Snowdrop Tree- 3 to 5 feet.
Sycamore. see Plane.
Sophora Japonica-2 to 4 feet. Sweet Gum, see Liquidambar. Taxodium, see Cypress. Tilra, see Linden. Thorn—English, 2 to 3 feet. Eng. dbl. red & wh. 3105ft.

Tulip Tree-3 to 16 feet. Ulmus, see Elm. White Fringe-2 to 5 feet. Willow-Wh. European, 6 to 8 ft. Yellow harked Europ'n. 3 to 12 feet. Red barked European, 4 to 8 feet.

Willow- Common Weeping, 4 to 15 feet, New Amer, '' 8 to 10 ft Kllmarnock '' Speci Laurel-leaved, 5 to 12 ft. Rosemary, 2 to 5 feet.

Seibold's, 6 to 10 feet.

Yellow Wood—2 to 4 feet.

Extra Large Shade Crees.

Where immediate results are required, very often large trees can be moved with success, if done with care and by those of experience. For years we have done much of this work and can furnish extra large Elms, Maples, etc., in any quantity wanted and at reasonable prices for earefully dug trees. When required, we can also plant them. Prices on application; also see foot of page 2.

Flowering Shrubs.

HE term Shrub is usually applied to such forms of plants as are hardy and make permanent wood, but do not assume the proportions of trees. This class of plants is most useful, their many graceful forms and attractive flowers and the many ways that they can be manipulated in the creation of attractive effects make them indispensable in all good planting. Where space is too limited to allow for much tree planting, by the judicious use of Shrubs and Vines very attractive results can be gained. There are a host of forms suitable for decorative planting and we endeavor to keep well informed relative to all the desirable sorts.

Prices according to size and variety, from 25 cts. up. Special low prices on large

quantities.

Almond - Double, Pink and White 2 to 3 feet. Althea, see Hibiscus. Amorpha-Fruticosa, 2 to 3 feet. Amygdalus, see Almond,
Amygdalus, see Almond,
Andromeda—Mariana, 1 to 2 feet.
Aralla—Japonica, 1 to 10 feet.
Spinosa, 1 to 10 feet.
Pentaphylla, 1 to 4 feet.
Azalea—Arborescens, 1 to 2 feet. Calendulacea, 1 to 3 ft. Ghent, Mollis and Mollis x Chinensis, with buds.

x Chinensis, with bnds.
Named varieties, large specimens.
Tree form, specimens.
Nudillora, 1 to 3 feet.
Vaseyi, 1 to 2 feet.
Viscosa, 1 to 2 feet.
Viscosa, 1 to 2 feet.
Thunberg's, 1 to 2 feet,
Nenberti, 1½ to 2 feet.
Stenophylla, 1 to 1½ ft,
Common, 1 to 2 feet.
Purple-leaved,
1 to 3 feet.

1 to 3 feet.

Button Bush—1 to 2 feet.

California Privet, see Hedge Plants

Calycanthus-Floridus, 1 to 3 ft. Caragana—Siberica. 2 to 3 feet. Cranothus—American, 1 to 2 ft. Cephalanthus, see Bulton Bush Chamaeceras, see Lonicera. Clerodendron—Serotlnum, 1 to 2 Deciduous Shrubs.

Clethra-Alnifolia, 2 to 3 feet. Colutea—Arborescens, 4 to 5 ft.
Cornus—Paniculata, 2 to 3 feet.

"Mas, 1 to 2 feet.

"Variegala, 3 to 4 ft.

Sanguinea, 1 to 4 feet.

Variegata, 2 to
3 feet.

Spathi, 2 to 3 feet.

Corylus-Avellana, 2 to 3 feet. Cnt-leaved, 2 to 3 feet. Purpurea, 3 to 4 feet

Cotoneaster-Simondsil, 1 to 21/2 feet.

Horizontalis. 2 to 3 ft. Cydonia-Japonica, 1 to 4 feet.

' Alba Grandillora, 2 to 3 feet. "Atrosanguinea, 1 to 2 feet. "Atrosanguinea, Plena, 1 to 2 ft. "Mallardii, 1 to 2 ft. 6.6

" Versicolor Litte-scens, 1 to 2 ft. Cytlsus—Purpurcus, 1 to 2 feet. Daphne Mezeron, 1 to 2 feet. White, 1 to 2 ft.

Deutzia-Double Pink, 2 to 6 ft. White, 3 to 4 ft.

4+ Watererii (new) 3 to 4 ft. Welisii (new), 3 to 6 ft. Gracilus, 1 to 3 feet. Parviflora, 1 to 3 feet. Lemoineii, 1 to 2½ feet.

Diervilla-Amabilis, 3 to 4 feet.

Alba, 1 to 4 ft. Candida, 8 to 6 feet. Eva Rathke, 1 to 3 ft. Floribunda, 3 to 4 feet

Gigantiflora, 1 to 6 ft Montesquieu, 3 to 6 ft. Rosea, 3 to 4 feet. "Yariegata, 2 to 3 ft.

Direa-Palustris, 2 to 3 feet. Dogwood, see Cornus. Elder, see Sambucus.

Eleagnus—Argenten, 3 to 6 feet.
Longipes, 1 to 3 feet.
Euonymous—Europeus, 1 to 5 ft.
Latifolius, 1 to 2 ft.

Americana, 1 to 6 ft Obovatus, 1 to 3 ft.
Linearis, 2 to 4 feet.
Alatus, 1 to 3 feet.
Exochorda—2 to 6 feet.

Forsythla—Fortunci, 2 to 4 feet Veridissima, 3 to 6 ft. Variegata,

3 to 4 ft. "Suspensa, 2 to 6 feet. Hazelnut, see Corylus. Golden Bell, see Forsythia.

Hibiscus—Luteola Plena.1 to 4 ft.

Boule de Fen, 1 10 4 ft.

Jeanne d'Arc, 1 10 4 ft.

Rubra Plena, 3 10 4 ft.

Single White, 1 to 3 ft.

(Also many other new French ravieties.)

Hippophea-Rhamnoides. 3 to 4 ft Honeysuckle, see Lonicera.

Deciduous Shrubs-Continued.

Hydrangea-Paniculata, 1 to 4 f1. Grandulora. to 4 feet. " Tree grown, 4 to 4 2 feet. Japoulen Blue, 1 to 2 feet. Quercifolia, 2 to 4 ft,
Quercifolia, 2 to 6 feet,
Vestita, 2 to 6 feet,
Hypericum—Aureum, 1 to 2 feet,
Kalmianum, 1 to 2 ft. Moserianum, I 10 Moserianum, 1-10-1½ feet.
1½ feet.
1½ feet.
1lex-Verticil 4a. 1 to 6 feet.
1lex-Virginien, 1 to 3 feet.
1lex-Virginien, 1 to 3 feet.
1lex-Virginien, 2 to 3 ft.
1lex-Virginien, 2 to 3 ft.
1lex-Virginien, 2 to 4 ft.
1lex-Virginien, 1 to 2 ft. Variegata, 1 to 2 feet. Ligustrum - Ibota, 1 to 3 feet.

" Vulgare, 1 to 3 feet.
" Amnrense, 1 to 3 ft.
" California (Privet). to 5 feet (see page 13) Variegata, 1 to 3 ft. Lilac, see Syringa.
Lonicera—Alberti, 1 to 3 feet.
Coerubea, 2 to 4 feet. Granditlora Rosen, 2 to 4 feet. Grandiflora Alba, 2 to 4 ft Fenzlei, 2 to 6 feet Fragrantissima, 1 to 6 ft. Standishii, 2 to 4 feet.
Numinularis, 2 to 4 feet.
Tartarica, 2 to 6 feet.
"Alba, 2 to 6 ft.
Virginalis Alba, 2 to 6 ft. Also see Vines. Myrica-Cerifera, 1 to 2 feet.
Paconla Tree-Well established.
1 to 2 feet (see page 11).
Philadelphus-Sweet Syringo, 1 to 6 feet. weet Syringo, Sweet Syringo dbl., 2 to 3 feet.

Phlladelphus Sweet Golden · leaved, 1 to 3 feet. Sweet Syringo, Dwarf, I to 2 ft. Mock Orange, 2 10 8 feet. Nivalis, 1 to 6 ft. Speciossissimus, 2 to 8 feet Myrthifolius, 1 to 2 feet. Avalanche, 1 to 8 Boule de Argent, 1 to 3 feet. Candelabra, 1 to 3 Lemoineii, 1 to 3 fect. Gerbe de Neige, 1 to 3 feet. Privet, see Ligustrum and page 13. Rhamnus Catharticus, 4 to 6 ft. Rhodotypus-Kerrioides, 2 to 4 ft Rhus - Cotinus, 3 to 5 feet. Glabra Laciniata, 1 to 4 ft. (8e6 page 13). Typhina ent-leaved(new). Osbeckii, 3 to 5 feet. Ribes—Aurenni, 2 to 3 feet.
Robina—Hispldn, 2 to 3 feet.
Rubus—Double White, 2 to 3 ft.
Deliciosus, 1 to 2 feet.
Sambucus—Auren, 1 to 3 feet. Pubescens, 2 to 6 ft. Silver Thorn, see Eleagnus.
Smoke Tree, see Rhus.
Snowball, see Viburnum.
Snowberry, see Symphoricarpus.
Spiræa—Æriefolia, 210 5 feet.
Binmalda, 1 to 3 feet. A. Waterer, 1 to 2 feet. Crispifolia, 1 to 1½ feet. Collosa, 1 to 2 feet. 1.6 Alba, 1 to 2 ft. Aurea, 1 to 6 feet.

Splræa – Bridal Wreath, 1 to 6 ft.

Reeves, 3 to 4 feet.

Sorbifolia, 3 to 4 feet.

Tlumberg, 1 to 4 feet.

Tomentosa Alba, 1 to 3 ft.

Van Houte, 2 to 5 feet.

Staphylea – Colchica, 2 to 4 ft. Symphoricarpus -Racemosus, to 3 feet. Vulgaris, 1 to 3 ft. variegated, Variegated, 2104 ft. St. John's Worth, see Hypericum. Styrax—Japonica, 2 to 4 feet. Sumac, see Ehus, Sweet Shrub, see Calycanthus. Syringa - (Line) Common, 2 to 6 Common white, 2 to 6ft. Marie Legray, I to 4 ft. Alphouse Lavalle, 1 to 3 feet. Ambrose Verschafelt, 1 to 4 feet. Madaine Lemoine, 1 to
4 feet.
Languis, 2 to 4 feet.
Pyramidalis, 2 to 4 feet.
Ranoncule, 2 to 4 feet.
Villosa, 1 to 6 feet.
Japonica, 4 to 7 feet.
Josikea, 3 to 4 feet.
Perslan, 2 to 3 feet.
Mala 3 to 4 feet.
Syringo, see Philadelphus,
Tamerix—Gallica, 2 to 3 feet.
Africana, 1 to 5 feet.
Viburnum—Lantana, 3 to 4 feet. Madame Lemoine, 1 to Viburnum—Lantana, 3 to 4 feet. Opulus, 3 to 5 feet. Common Snowball, 3 to 4 feet Japan Snowball, 1 to 5 feet. Tomentosum, 1 to 5 feet. Vitex—Agnus Castus, 1 to 2 feet. Weigelia, see Diervilla. Xanthroceras-Sorbifolia,2 to 3 ft

Vines and Climbers.

HAT a gift these graceful plants truly are, as if here and there ugly places were so likely to occur, that needed just such a growth to either hide or envelop completely. By the proper manipulation of vines wonderfully attractive results can be obtained. Sights that might otherwise be repulsive can be converted into ones of great beauty. Vines are also of the utmost value in establishing shade as arbor plants or about the house, lending themselves agreeably to a great variety of uses.

Prices according to size and variety, from 25 ets. upwards. Send lists for esti-

mates.

Actinidia—Polygama.
Akebia—Quinata
Ampelopsis — Bipinnata. Quinquefolia. Tricolor, Tricuspidata, or Boston Ivy.
Aristolochia—Sipho.
Bittersweet.
Boston Ivy.
Celastrus—Scandens.
Clematis — Cocciuca. Crispa.

Celastrus—Scandens.
Clematis — Coccinen. Crispa.
Graveolens, Flammula, Henryii, Jackmunii, Mad Edonard Andre, Ramona, Paniculata (see page 13), Virgini-

hardy Uines.

Clematis, see Herbaceous Plants.

Dolichos—Japonica.

Hedera—Helix
Dutchman's Pipe.
English Iry
Honeysuckle.
Jasminum—Nudiflorum,
Lonicera—Belgica, Fuchsiodes
Halliarra, Hecrotti, Japoni

Lonicera — Belgica. Fuchsiodes, Halliara, Hecrotti, Japonica. Reticulata. Aurea, Semperflorens, Sempervirens, Sinensis, Sullivantii. Lonicera, also see Shrubs.
Lycium—Chinense.
Matrimony Vine.
Periploca—Green.
Silk Vine.
Tecoma—Radicans, Grandiflora,
Trumpet Creeper.
Virginia Creeper.
Vitis—Coignetiæ.
Wistaria—Purple, White, Fruleseens.
Woodbine.

Choice Evergreens.

HE importance of evergreens in all large landscape work is very well understood and for just this purpose we have a very comprehensive stock, including many fine specimens for immediate effects. We also call special attention to the value of the many choice and interesting dwarf evergreens for house decorations. They are just now very popular for placing about the halls and corridors of private houses and public places, their unique forms and attractive colors are a most refreshing addition to many decorative schemes. Specimens for this special purpose in great variety in stock at the nursery. The following list is intended to give some idea of the variety we carry. Our general eatalogue describes with prices our collection. The best way where specimens are desired is to visit the nursery and select the stock there.

Abridged List of Varieties.

Evergreens.

Arborvitæ—American, Golden, Globe, Pyramidal, Siberian, Plicata, Columbia, Oriental, Ori-ental Folden, etc. Cedar—Mt. Atlas.

Cryptomeria Japonica.

Cypress-Lawson's.

Juniper-Chinese, Common, Common Golden,
Irish, Japan, Red, Red glauen, Neaboriensis.

Pine-Austrian, Stone, Bhotan, Mugho, White,

Scotch.

Retinespora Filifera, Obtusa, Nana, Gracillis,
Pislfera, Plumosa, Aurea, Argentea.

Squarrosa.

Spruce—Wilte, White Golden, Alcock's, Balsani,
Hemlock Hemlock Weeping, Hemlock
Dwarf, Cephalonian, Concolor, Douglass,
Norway, Norway Pyramidal, Norway Weeping, Nordman's, Oriental, Colorado

Umbrella Pine.

Yew-English, Short-leaved, Cuspidata, Weeping. Prices from 25cts, upwards, depending on size and variety. Send list of wants for special prices.

Evergreen Shrubs.

Andromeda-Floribunda, Japonica. Azalea—Amorna. Box-Hedging. Daphne-Uncorum Erica. Euonymous. Holly-American Laurel-Kalmia. Rhododendron — Maximum and Choice Hardy varieties in most reliable kinds.

Prices-Send list of wants for special quotations.



WHITE PINE-Pinus strohus.

This is one of our most beautiful native evergreens of rge growth. We have a large stock from one to six large growth, feet high.

Japanese Holly (ilex crenata).

HIS elegant hardy evergreen holly has been so very rare and difficult to obtain that nurserymen generally, while fully aware of its great beauty, have said little about it in their eatalogues. The leaves are very glossy and evergreen, holding its rich color throughout the entire winter without turning brown. It is a slow grower, making a compact bush with branches way to the ground; in time it becomes a good sized shrub. As a specimen lawn plant it is most desirable, and as a hedge plant it is ideal, being much more refined in its expression than any of the plants now used for hedging.

We succeeded in procuring a quantity of this most desirable Japanese Holly in Japan last spring and they have grown vigorously at the nursery this summer, so we

have a fine lot of them to offer.

Prices-all are bushy plants-I to 11/2 feet, \$1.00; 11/2 to 2 feet, \$1.50; 2 to 21/2 feet, \$2.00. Special price on a large number given.

The New "Old-Fashion Garden."

herbaceous hardy Plants.

Part of year, but whose tops are annual, dying to the ground each season. It is a very comprehensive class and includes many of the so-called old-fashioned flowers, dear to the hearts of our grandparents. There has, however, been a rapidly growing taste of late for this class of plants, more people seemingly learning to appreciate what beautiful plants many of them really are. Truly, what have we more gorgeous and decorative for the garden than the many forms of the grand old Hollyhock, Paconies, Yucca, Larkspur, Columbine, etc. By a judicious selection one can have something in bloom from early season until late, a garden border, furnishing each day one or more gems that have arrived at a stage of full beauty, and plenty more coming on. Every garden, large or small, can have its border of Hardy Herbaceous plants, so little care and such bountiful returns, not perishing with the winter, but enduring, all the more ready after their winter rest, to do their share toward making the garden a place of beauty.

```
Achillea-Millefolium,
                               Rubrum.
            Ptarinea, "Pearl."
Aconitum—Napellus.
Acorus—Calamas Variegata.
 Althea, see Hollyhocks.
Alyssum—Saxatile.
Anemone—Japonica
Whirlwind.
Anthemis—Tinctorla.
Anthericum-Liliastrum.
Apius-Tuberosa.
Aquilegla-Chrysantha.
                               Alba
               Cœrulca.
Hybrida.
               Vulgaris, Blue.
White.
Arabis-Alpina.
Arabis—Arpina.
Artemesia—Arboratum.
Armeria—Maritima.
Arundo—Donax.
Variegata.
Ascleplas—Incarnata.
Tuberosa,
Aster-Formossissimus.
          Gem.
         Jewell
          Mrs. Richards.
Queen of Lawn.
Wood Nymph.
Asperula—Odorata.
Astilbe—Chincusis.
           Japonica.
Baptisia—Australis.
Bellis—Perennis.
Bocconia—Cordata.
Boltonia—Latisquamæ.
Campanula—Barbata.
Carpatica.
Persicaefolia Alba.
Centrosema -Virginiana.
Chrysanthemums-
        (Hardy) Blanche Colombe.
                    Gloriosum.
La Purite.
            44
            ..
                    Little Bob,
Percy's Seedling.
Mrs. Petrie.
            **
            **
                    Strathmeath.
                   Solomon's Temple,
                      and others.
Clematis - Davidiana.
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Stans.

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Clematis-Recta.
           Also see Vines.
Convallaria-Majalis.
                       Rosea.
     11
                       Russian.
                       Fortin's.
Coreopsis - Lanceolata.
Coronilla - Varia.
Delphinium-Hybridum.
              Formosum.
Chinensis.
Desmodium Japonicum
              Pendulifolium.
Dianthus-Barbatus.
           Plumarius
Dicentra-Spectabilis.
Dictamnus—Fraxinella.

Alba.
Digitalis-Purpuren.
                     Alba.
ErianIhus-Ravenno.
Eulalia-Japonica
                     Variegata.
                    Zebrina.
Euphorbia-Corollata.
Festuca-Glanca.
Funkia-Subcordata.
         Albamarginata
         Ovata.
         Sieboldiana Glauca.
         Coerula.
Folius Veridis.
Japonica Gigantea.
   6.5
   ..
                   Aurea.
         Lilyfolia.
Gaillardia—Aristata.
Gypsophila—Paniculata.
             Stevensii.
             Repens.
Helenium—Antumnale.
Hoopesii.
Helianthus-Decapetalus.
            Lætiflorus.
            Maximiliani.
            Orgyalis.
Hellopsis-Laevis.
Helleborus-Niger.
Hemerocallis-Flava.
               Dumortierii.
               Fulva.
                Fulva, Double.
                         " Var.
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Heuchera—Sanguinea.
Hiblscus—Militaris.
"Moschuctos.
                                    Crimson Eye.
Hollyhock - Large collection of
Single and Double varieties.
 Hyacinthus-Candicans.
Iberls—Sempervirons.
Iris—Cristata.
           Cuprea
  4.6
           Florentina.
        Florentina.

Kæmpfere—Double Varieties - Blue Jay, Dinab, Eclair. Mahogany, Gold Bound, Hannibal, Mt. Fell. Mt. Hood, Parasol, Pyramid, P. C. DeRohan, Robert Craig, Victor.

Kæmpfere—Space Varieties - Blue Ried Comp.
            TIES - Blue Bird, Como,
            Exquisite, Gigantea, Little
Pink, Mrs. C. T. Saxton,
Shadow, Snowbound,
            Souvenir
         Germanica — Candicans,
Madame Chercon, Queen
of Gypsies, Walnerii, Also
            twenty other sorts
          Iberica
         Pseudacorus,
Pumila (5 sorts),
Siberica (5 sorts),
Lathyrus-Latifolins.
                                         Alba.
Lillum - (see page 11).
Lobelia—Cardinalis.
Lotus—Corniculatus.
Lychnis—Chalcedonica.
Myosotis—Semperflorens.
Nepeta—Glychoma.
Nymphæa—Odorata.
Roses.
Enothera-Missonriensis.
Opuntia Missonriensis.
                  Rafinesquii.
                  Vulgaris
Pæonia—(see page 11),
Papaver—Orientale,
Var. Blush Queen,
Penstamen—Lavigatus,
Barbatus
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Phlox - Decussata - Varieties, see

next page.

Herbaceous Hardy Plants—Continued.

Phlox Subulata.

Alba,
Alropurpurca,
Platycodon—Grandiflorum.

Polemonium—Repans.
Polygonum—Cuspidatum.
Sachalinense.
Potentilla—Grandiflora.

Hopevordisma.

Pyrethrum—Roseum, in variety.
Uligunosum.
Rheum—Palmatum.
Rudbeckia—Laciniata.
Golden Glow.
Saxifraga—Crassifolia.

Sedum Acre
"Alzoon,
"Alzoon,
"Alzoon,
"Alzoon,
"Alzoon,
"Brevifolium,
"Douglasii,
"Ewersii,
"Itybridum,
Solidago—In variety,
Spirœa Aruncus,
"Astilboides,
"Palmata,
"Eilipendula, fl. pl.
Ulmaria, double,
Stachys—Lanata,

Scabiosa - Caucasica.

Statice—Latifolia.
Thymus—Serpyllum.
Tradescantla—Virglnica Alba.
Tritoma—Uvaria.
Veronica—Longifolia.
Vinca—Minor.
Alba.
Double.
Viola—Odorata.
Alba
Donble.
Tricolor.
Pansy, choice variety.
Yucca—Filamentosa.
Gloriosa.

Prices—20c. each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$15.00 per hundred. Heavy, field-grown clumps, 25c. to 50c.

new Varieties Fardy Garden Phlox.

ITHIN the last few years great improvements have been made in the hardy garden Phloxes, especially by the Frenchmen, and as a result there are now a number of varieties not only of great brilliancy of color but greatly improved form, size and substance. It may be safely said that where brilliancy of color is desired in the garden from July to November these Phloxes have few rivals.

....Varieties....

Alceste—Bright pink, deep red centre.

Aurora Boreale—Orange, purple centre

Bouquet Fleuri—White, carmine eye.

Caran d'Ache—Rosy carmine.

Epopee—Violet, bright fiery centre.
Hector—Fine pink.
Jules Jony—Lilac rose, with white center
Mme. P. Langler—Bright red, vermillion centre.

Nettie Stewart—Pure white, early bloomer.

Premier Minister—Rosy white, deep rose centre.

Richard Walface—Cherry white, violet centre.

Queen—Pure White.

Prices—Strong field-grown plants, 25c. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

The Gorgeous Oriental Poppy (papaver orientale).

THE great orange scarlet blooms of this hardy poppy are familiar to most flower lovers, but the plants are not common in gardens. This, we think, is because many fail to succeed in making the plants live when they are transplanted. Good strong plants, set out in the fall and covered slightly before hard freezing weather, should come up vigorously the following spring and bloom freely. We have the following distinct varieties to offer;—

Crimson King—Enormous blooms, of the most intense crimson searlet.

Blush Queen—A peculiar blush pink, with dark maroon markings at base of petals.

Prices—Good strong plants, 25c. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

hardy Ferns For shady Places.

ANY of the varieties of hardy native Ferns are very effective when planted freely in shady places where grass will not thrive. These Ferns are very desirable for planting in the shady corners about city houses. We supply Hardy Ferns, either collected or nursery grown, at very low rates.



TREE PAEONIA, ELIZABETH.

Chinese Cree Paeonies.

Cornella, double, bright violet, Emelia, light flesh, yellow center. Montan, pink, shading to rose. Regina Belgica, rose salmon.

r. Elizabeth, rosy crimson (see illustration).

Prices, 50c to \$2 00 each according to size.

Lonise Monchelet, very large, glossy salmon.

Trimphe de Milau, bright rose, scarlet.

Rerbaceous Paeonies.

In the many new varieties, the Herbaceous Pacoules are justly very popular. Our collection embraces a great range of color and form. VARIETIES.

Alba Plena, light rose, white

center.
Alba Superba, histrous pink, white center
Caroline Mather, purple erimson.
Elegans, pink salmon center.
Festiva Maxima, double white. Fragrantissima, violet and rose. Francis Ortegal, dark purple crimson, large. Pri

Humei, rose, large and late Marie Stewart, rosy white, yellow center. Pauline, rosy violet

Reine Hortense, pink, large, fragrant.

Officinalis Atro Rubra Plena. This is the true double crim-son variety so popular in old Prices, strong plants, 25e each, \$2 50 per dozen. Large clumps, 50e each, \$5.00 per dozen.

gardens, and blooms earller than other herbaceous sorts. Officinalis Rosea Plena, light

Officinalis Mutabilis, crimson. Tennifolia, fern-like foliage,

crimson. Tennifolla fl. pl. Like above,

but double.

Anratum. Of all the Lily tribe, this is undonbtedly one of the finest, whether we regard its size, sweetness, or exquisite arrangement of color. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Candidum. Snow-white, fragrant blossoms; one of the best varieties. 10e each, \$1.00 per dozen.

dozen.

Canadense Our native yellow meadow lily. 15c cach, \$1 50 per dozen.

Elegans *Bicolor*. Tulip shaped, exceedingly showy, brilliant red color. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Japan and Other Bardy Lilies.

Elegans Midnight. Rich, velvety.
crimson black. 25c each, \$2,50 per dozen.

Per dozen.

Elegans Leonard Joerg. Light yellow, spotted black. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Pardalinum. Rich searlet and yellow spotted. 20c each, \$2.00

per dozen.

Speciosum Album. Large white tlowers of great substance, very fine. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Speciosum Rubrum. White, heavily spotted with rich crimson spots, 15c each, \$1.50 per Speciosum *Melpomene*. Flowers riell blood-crimson, heavily spotted. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen.

dozen.
Snperbin. Brilliant orange-red. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.
Tennifolium. Shining coral-red. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.
Tigrinum (Tiger Lily). One of the showlest, casiest cultivated, and adapted to a variety of soils. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

dozen. Tigrinum fl. pl. (Ponble Tiger Lily). 15e each. \$1.50 per Lily). dozen.



CRIMSON RAMBLER.

Choice Hardy Roses.

HAT the Rose is the universally favorite flower there is no question, and that most of the more desirable varieties will thrive luxuriantly in almost any garden without any protection, is a fact that should be appreciated. Roses prefer to be high livers, and if we look for the most from the rose garden we must see that the plants are not deprived of plenty of plant food. Previous to planting out Roses, the ground should be thoroughly enriched, preferably by the use of a liberal supply of well-rotted manure mixed thoroughly with the soil. After planting, and each succeeding fall, apply a generous mulching of coarse manure about the plants; This serves as a winter protection and greatly adds to the fertility of the ground. This mulching should be spaded in among the plants the following spring. Luxuriant growth and quantities of blooms are the reward for properly planted and eared for Rose plants,

Our Roses are all strong field-grown plants ready for planting out, and can be depended on to grow vigorously and quickly produce an abundance of bloom.

PRICES.

Transplanted, extra, 3-year., 75c ea., \$7.50 per doz.: Extra 2-year, 50c ea., \$4.50 per doz.: Lighter grade, 2-year, 30c ea., \$3.00 per doz.: 100 strong plants, blooming size, 25 varieties, \$20,

Varieties listed below are fully described in our general catalogue sent free to applicants.

Madame Gabriel Lnizet, Pink.

HYBRIDS.

Alfred Colomb. Red. Anne de Diesbach, Light Rose. Baron deBonstettin, Velvety Red Baroness Rothschild, Clear Pink. Baronne Prevost, Pink. Caroline de Sansal, Light Pink. Caroline Marnlesse, White. Clothilde Soupert, White. Coquette de Alps, White. Duchess of Albany, Rose. Eliza Boelle, White. Earl of Dufferin, Crimson. Fisher Holmes, Dark Red. Francois Levet, Rose. General Jacqueminot, Crimson. Harrison's Yellow, Yellow. John Hopper, Pink. Jules Margottin, Rose. La France, Pink.

Madame Plantier, White. Madame Trotter, Cherry. Magna Charta, Rose. Marchioness of Londonderry. Marchioness of Lorne, Pink. Margaret Dickson, White. Marshall P. Wilder, Crimson. Mrs John Laing, Pink. Persian Yellow, Yellow. Paul Neron, Rose. Prince Camille de Rohan, Crim-Ulrich Brunner, Dark Rose. Vick's Caprice, Variegated. Victor Verdier, Rose. MOSS ROSES. Blanche Morean, White. Common Moss, Red. Countess de Murinais, Pink.

Salet, Rose.

CLIMBING ROSES.

Baltimore Bell, White.
Dawson, Pink.
Empress of China, Pink.
Greville, Pink.
Hybrid Sweet-briars.
Queen of Prairies, Rose.
Hybrid Wielmrianas.
(See general catalogue.)

RAMBLER ROSES.

Crimson. White. Pink. Yellow.

JAPAN ROSES.

Rugosa, Rose. Rugosa Double. Rugosa Alba, White. Mad. Geo. Bruant. White.

hedge and Screen Plants.

*HERE are many places where a definite dividing line is most desirable, either as a screen or a protection from trespassers. Nothing is more suitable many times than trees or shrubs planted closely as a hedge; they can be made very beautiful and at the same time serve most practical purposes. There is no doubt that the Americans are fast becoming an out-of-door-loving people and are resorting generally to their gardens and lawns, and often a certain degree of privacy is most desirable and appropriate, and nothing offers a more agreeable and attractive method of accomplishing this than the use of hedges.

A number of the most useful Plants for hedges.

Honey Locust. Barberry. Purple. Hawthorn. Indian Currant. Lilaes.

Rosa Rugosa. Spiraea, Golden and Thunbergii. Thunbergii. Quince, Japan. Arbor vice. Very low prices. See Catalogue or ask for special quotations.

Hemlock. Spruce, Norway. White. Pine, White, etc.

Che Popular hedge Plant.

S almost evergreen, very hardy, will thrive in any soil even under the shade of trees, transplants with almost no loss, grows rapidly and if trimmed can be kept any height from two feet to twenty feet. Its dark green leaves form a solid wall of

foliage that is very attractive.



CLEMATIS PANICULATA

For other Vines see page 7.

We have grown a very large stock and offer it at very low

1 to 11 feet, 75c per doz.; \$4.00 per 100; \$35.00 per 1,000. to 2 feet, \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100; \$40.00 per 1,000. 2 to 21 feet, \$1.50 pcr doz.; \$3.00 per 100; \$60.00 per 1,000. 21 to 3 feet,\$2.00 per doz.; \$10.00 per Special 100; \$80.00 per 1,000 prices on larger lots. Specimens, 4 to 6 ft., 30c to \$3.00 each. These larger sizes make fine sereens immediately.

Japan's Sweet Clematis

(clematis paniculata).

HIS new vine is now well known and its merits appreciated. There is no vine more beautiful as a porch decoration; it is equally effective as a covering for old trees, rocks, or for screening any objectionable view. Planted at intervals along a fence it makes a most picturesque hedge-like effect, in fact, wherever a graceful, quick-growing vine can be used this Clematis is certain to please.

Strong 3-year old plants, 50 cts. each, \$4 50 per dozen. Strong 2-year old plants, 35 cts. each,

\$3 00 per dozen. Strong 1-year old plants, 25 cts each, \$2 50 per dozen.

Lawn Grass Seeds.

(If by Mail add 5c. per Quart.)

Edgewood Mixture. Composed of a variety of grasses, so as to produce a permanent, velvety lawn under varying conditions and in the quickest time. Especially valuable for seeding about newly graded lawn areas, pleasure grounds, golf links, etc. It is just the mixture to use in re-seeding the bare places that will appear in established lawns, and for thickening up thin lawns. Price per quart, 250; per bushel, \$5.00.

Lawn Grass Seed, Good Mixture. Composed of the finer grade of grasses, and in such variety as to produce good results throughout the season. Per quart, 150; per bushel \$3.00.

Kentucky Blue Grass. An ideal lawn grass, and well suited for pasture purposes. Re-cleaned seed, per quart, 15e; per bushel (14 lbs.), \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$10.00.

Red Top. A native grass, thriving on almost any soil and one of the best lawn grasses. Re-cleaned seed, per quart, 20c; per bushel (35 lbs.), \$5.50; 100 lbs., \$12.00. A mixture of the above two grasses in equal parts compose an ideal lawn mixture, but takes somewhat longer to establish a thick sod than either of the special mixtures offered.

White Dutch Clover. This is the low-growing sweet white clover, familiar to all, and is especially valuable mixed with grass seed for sowing on light, sandy soil. Per oz., 5e; ¼ lb., 10c; 1 lb., 20c.

Garden Requisites.

Cedar Posts, cut to any required length, with or without branches, 5c to \$1.00 each. Flower Pots, all sizes, at factory prices.

Grafting Wax, 1/4 lb, 10c; 1/2 lb., 15c; 1 lb., 25c.

Potting Soil. Special mixture for window boxes and pot plants. One-half bushel, 50c; 90c per bushel.

Tree Labels. Wood, 25c per 100; \$1.80 per 1,000. Copper, indestructible, \$1.50 per 100.

Tree Pruners. Henry's 10-foot pole, \$1.50 each.

Pruning Shears, Schollhorn's, 95c.

Raphia, for tying, 20c per lb.; 5 lbs., 75c.

Street Tree Guards.

Avoid injury to your street trees by placing about them some form of tree protector, otherwise they are sure to be severely injured and their appearance marred by horses. We offer many styles of Guards. Prices are from 50c to \$5.00 each. These styles can be examined at the nursery.

Fertilizers.

Edgewood Brand Canada Hard Wood Ashes. See page 15.

Pulverized Sheep Manure. 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$2.50; per ton, \$25.00.

Edgewood Brand Fine Ground Bone. 25 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., \$2.50; per ton, \$33.00.

Stable Manure. Well composted and ready for use. Inquire for price.

Cow Manure. We have at this time about 100 cords of this hard to get article; inquire for price

e = how to Maintain the Lawn.

A Rich Green Velvety Lawn and how to maintain it by using our Edgewood Brand Canada Hard-Wood Ashes.

Best results obtained by Fall application.

THE LAWN'S VALUE. The value of a velvety green lawn cannot be disputed. It adds both beauty and value to any property, while a worn-out, ill-kept sward at once detracts from the whole appearance of the otherwise attractive place.

WHY LAWNS FAIL. Lawns generally fail on account of a lack of food. Seidom, if ever, does the ordinary soil contain sufficient to meet the needs of the grass for any length of time. Even when it does, the first few years of the new lawn's growth will exhaust the nourishing elements and starvation of the grass surely commences. It is best not to wait till the lawn shows signs of failure before some means are taken to prevent it. The vitality once impaired it is difficult to restore it.

THE WAY TO PREVENT FAILURE. The best way to make the soil rich and thus give the grass the desired food, is by giving it a dressing of our CANADA UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES. Just the right proportion of the fertilizing elements the land needs is contained in them. That rich green, velvety appearance will be restored to the lawn and new life imparted to half-starved trees, shrubs, etc. Lawns have been known to stand the dry summer better when treated with these Wood Ashes. The grass is healthier and therefore better able to stand the drought.

VALUE DF UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES. As a good all-round fertilizer, Canada Unleached Hard-Wood Ashes have unchallenged value. For lawns, for fruit and ornamental trees and plants, they are superior to manure in many respects. They earry no weed seeds; are entirely odorless—a great point; are clean, easy to handle and spread. They do not disfigure the lawn and make it unsightly, as they dissolve into the soil soon after being spread.

QUICK RESULTS. The beneficial effect resulting from the use of our brand is immediate and the marked improvement in health and vigor is readily seen. In this respect they are different from many other plant foods.

REAL FERTILIZING VALUE. Besides a good proportion of Potash and Phosphoric Acid, both valuable plant foods, these Canada Unleached Hard-Wood Ashes contain a liberal amount of Wood Lime. This latter element is specially valuable in renewing and sweetening land which has become stiff and sour from the too frequent application of stable manure, or from other causes. At the same time it destroys that mossy growth found under trees.

BETTER FRUIT AND LARGER CROPS. Improved quality of fruit and better crops are the natural result of the use of the best Canada Unleached Hard-Wood Ashes—ours. Specially good for strawberries and cabbage. Borers can be kept away from trees by digging a shallow hole around the butts and placing in it a small quantity of Wood Ashes.

ECONDMY. Prof. Kedzie, chemist to the Agricultural College of Michigan, figures the value of the available fertilizing elements of Canada Unleached Hard-Wood Ashes, if purchased at lowest wholesale market rates, to be \$20.00 a ton. This statement from an authority makes their economy very apparent.

WHY OURS ARE THE BEST. Our Canada Unleached Hard-Wood Ashes are specially collected and every care is exercised in packing and shipping. They are made in Canada from the hard woods only. They are dry and sifted clean. We guarantee every pound to be pure and up to the required standard of value as a fertilizer.

THE AMDUNT NEEDED. Spread evenly from one to two tons an aere, according to the condition of the soil, or for small lawns, 100 to 150 lbs. to 1,000 square feet of sod. Less quantity will be needed the second year.

PRICES. We put them up in 50 and 100 lb, bags, and barrels weighing full 200 lbs.; and can ship to any distance. 50 lbs. for \$1.00; 100 lbs. for \$1.50; 200 ibs. for \$2.00; one ton, \$18.00. Even less prices on ear load lots in bulk, barrels or bags, given on application.

FREE SAMPLE. Send for a sample trial package. It's free and will give you some idea of the cleanness of this fertilizer.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY,

EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue,

TELEPHONE.

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Electric Cars pass Office and Nurseries.



A GLIMPSR DOWN THE NURSERY DRIVE, WHERE SOME CHOICE EVENGREENS GROW, WEST ROCK PARK IN THE DISTANCE.

Quality....

UYING trees and other plants is much like buying other merchandise in this respect—we very justly seek to obtain the best for the money invested. In no other line of merchandise, however, is the question of superior quality of more vital importance than in the buying of nursery stock, or so difficult for the buyer to determine. Quality not only depends upon stock being well grown, vigorous and healthy, but to an important degree upon the care with which it is dug, handled when out of the ground and the manner with which it is packed and delivered. This shows plainly that the quality of stock the purchaser receives depends to a large degree upon the integrity of the nurseryman and his business facilities. Appreciating this important fact, it has been our constant endeavor to so position ourselves that we could handle our rapidly increasing business with facilities which make it certain that we can guarantee our customers the all important consideration, quality.

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